

Formalized (visual) Music

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Formalized Music (preface)

- “explorations in music composition”
- “to materialize movements of thought through sound...”
- “to make art while geometrizing”

Formalized Music (preface)

- “We are so convinced of the historical necessity of this step, that we should like to see the visual arts take an analogous path...”

arlequi

**“All that you can *imagine*
you already know.”**

—Stephen Spender

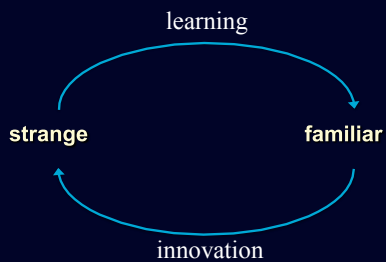
- Knowledge is built on prior knowledge
- A new idea is a new connection
—a metaphor
- We create from what we already know.

Metaphors are **connections** — mappings across different conceptual domains.

See George Lakoff, Mark Johnson, et al.

values

- *learning*
- *innovation*



—William J. J. Gordon
Synectics

- maps are metaphors
- through potent metaphors we make connections, we learn, we create
- I make maps
- so did Xenakis

entropy

1. A measure of the *disorder* or randomness in a closed system.
2. A measure of the *loss of information* in a transmitted message.
3. The tendency for all matter and energy in the universe to evolve toward a state of *inert uniformity*.
4. Inevitable and *steady deterioration* of a system or society

entropy (in Western music)

- Common practice tonality and equal tempered tuning is a closed system.
- After WWII entropy in that system was high.
- What did composers do?

🎧 *Structures for Piano*

-Pierre Boulez (1951)

- total serial composition
- total rational/systematic control
- *pure determinism*

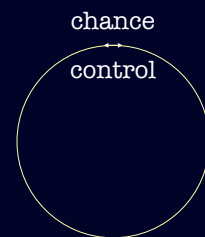
🎧 *Music of Changes*

-John Cage (1951)

- random/non-referential
- *pure chance*

🎧 *and now for something
completely different...*

chance ←————→ control

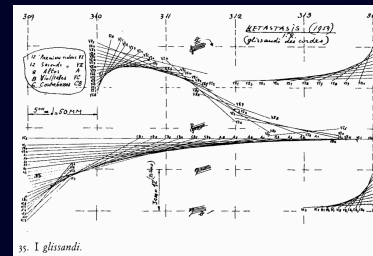


“Pure chance and pure determinism are
only two facets of one entity.”

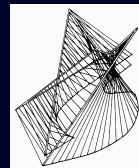
—Xenakis

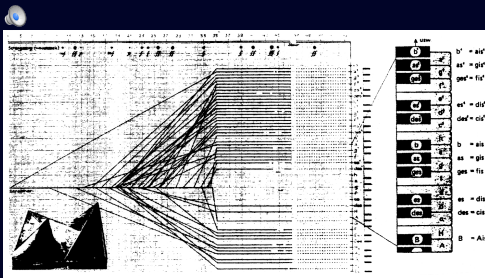
Xenakis *opened* the system

- the pitch continuum
- mapping numbers to music events
- mapping music events to architecture
- “Music and architecture found an intimate connection”

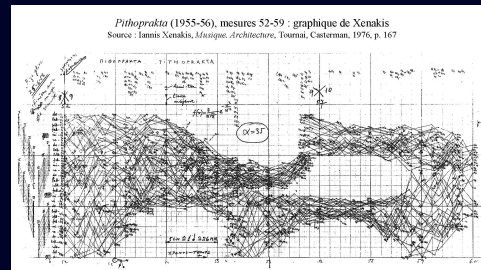


35: I glissandi.
Xenakis, *Metastasis*
mathematics mapped to instruments
the modulator (Le Corbusier)





Xenakis, *Metastasis*
mathematics mapped to instruments



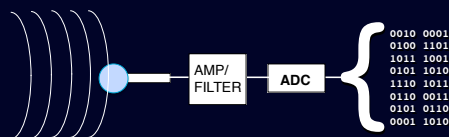
Xenakis, *Pithoprakta*
mathematics mapped to instruments

digital = discrete
digital = numeric



digital camellias

sampling sound



sound waves → voltage → digital data

“If music is from now on well and truly
immersed in computer science, so too
can be the art of light.”

Iannis Xenakis
“The Diatope: music to be seen” (1982)

A = B digital image = number
C = B digital sound = number
 then
A = C digital image = digital sound

It's all about the mapping!...

maps are metaphors!

$$z_n = z_{n-1}^2 + \lambda$$

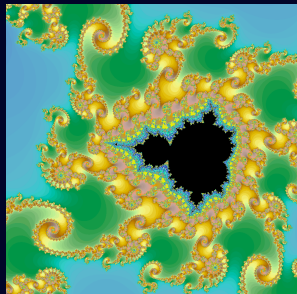
```

z[REAL][0] = 0.0;
z[IMAG][0] = 0.0;
xSquared = 0.0;
ySquared = 0.0;

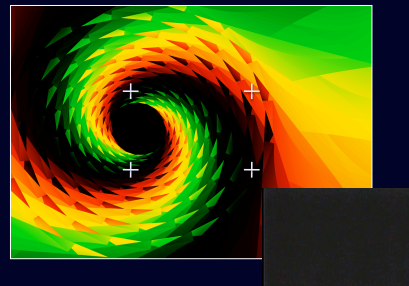
for (i=1; i < MaxIterationCount; ++i) {
    z[REAL][i] = xSquared-ySquared;
    z[IMAG][i] = 2 * z[REAL][i-1] * z[IMAG][i-1];
    xSquared = z[REAL][i] * z[REAL][i];
    ySquared = z[IMAG][i] * z[IMAG][i];
    zMag = sqrt(xSquared + ySquared);

    if (zMag >= 2) {
        colorPixel(i);
        break;
    }
}

```



Ceci n'est pas une fractale



sonic map studies
ca. 1989

A

mappings

- quartertones (96 pitches)
- aperiodic (5:6:7:8)
- high event density

B

mappings

- chromatic (48 pitches)
- aperiodic (4:5:6)
- moderate event density

C

mappings

- diatonic (28 pitches)
- periodic (2:3)
- moderate / low event density

D

mappings

- pentatonic (24 pitches)
- periodic (all 16th notes)
- moderate event density


Ode to Joy
(from Beethoven's Ninth Symphony)



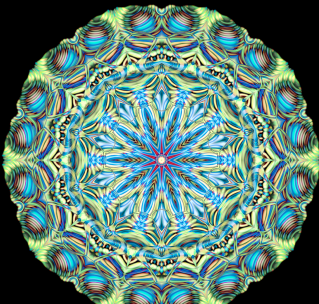
The image displays the musical notation for the 'Ode to Joy' melody, which is the fourth movement of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony. The notation is presented on four staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody is written in a simple, stepwise fashion, consisting of a series of eighth and quarter notes. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff continues the melody. The third staff continues the melody. The fourth staff continues the melody. The notation is presented in a clear, black-and-white format, suitable for educational purposes.

[illegible]

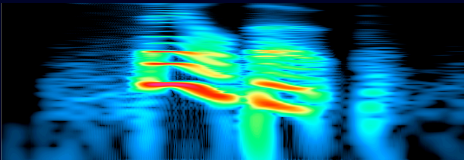
Ode to Joy
Beethoven's Ninth Symphony

A circular, colorful mandala-like pattern with a starburst center, featuring blue, yellow, red, and green segments, set against a black background. The pattern is highly symmetrical and intricate, resembling a stained-glass window or a complex geometric design. It is positioned on the right side of the slide, next to the text.

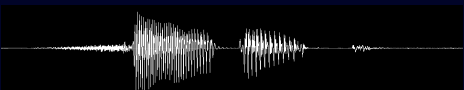
Ode to Joy
Beethoven's Ninth Symphony



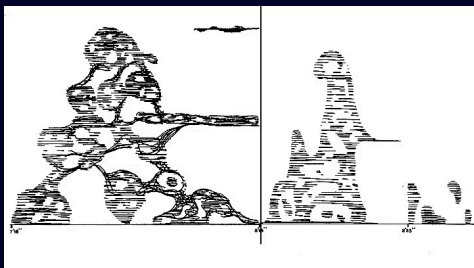
seeing sound



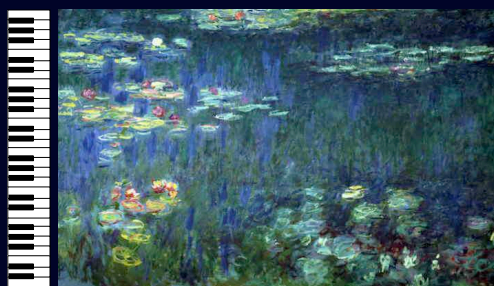
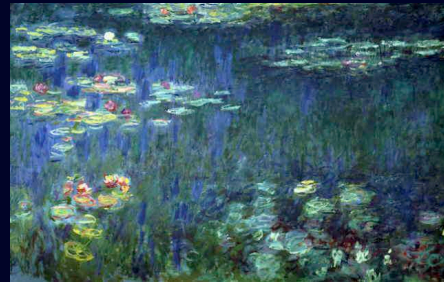
A spectrogram visualization of the word "saiba". The vertical axis represents frequency, and the horizontal axis represents time. The word is segmented into phonetic parts: 'ss', 'a', 'i', 'b', 'oa', and 't'. The 'a' and 'i' segments show distinct horizontal bands of energy, indicating sustained vowel sounds. The 'b' segment shows a sharp vertical burst of energy, indicating a plosive sound. The 'oa' segment shows a complex pattern of energy, indicating a diphthong. The 'ss' and 't' segments show short bursts of energy, indicating sibilant and plosive sounds respectively.



A waveform visualization of the word "saiba". The horizontal axis represents time, and the vertical axis represents amplitude. The waveform shows the pressure variations of the sound signal. The word is segmented into phonetic parts: 'ss', 'a', 'i', 'b', 'oa', and 't'. The 'a' and 'i' segments show sustained, periodic waveforms, indicating sustained vowel sounds. The 'b' segment shows a sharp, high-amplitude peak, indicating a plosive sound. The 'oa' segment shows a complex, periodic waveform, indicating a diphthong. The 'ss' and 't' segments show short, high-amplitude peaks, indicating sibilant and plosive sounds respectively.

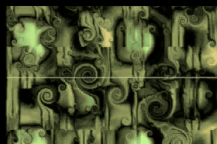
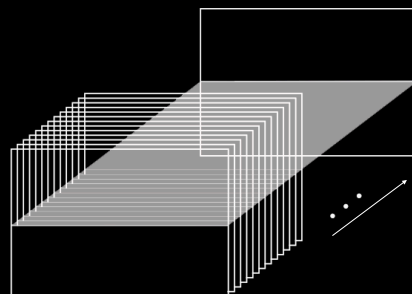


Xenakis, *Mycenes alpha*
image sonified digitally using the UPIC system

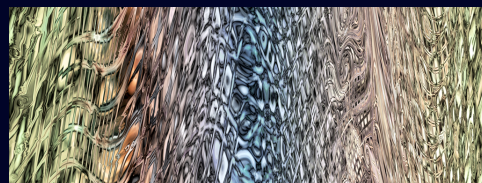


time → 20"

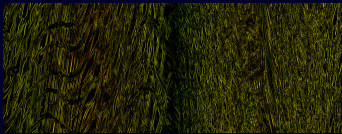
time slice



calidri time slice

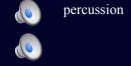
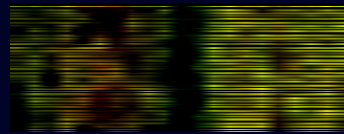


calidri time slice



guitar

calidri time slice



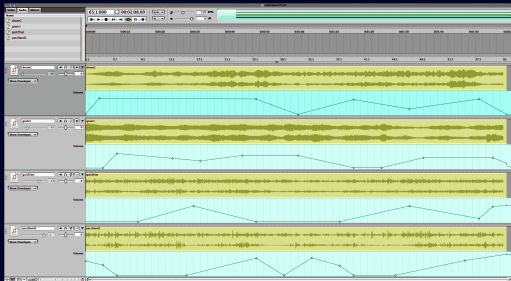
percussion



drone



The heterophony of many maps—multi-track recording



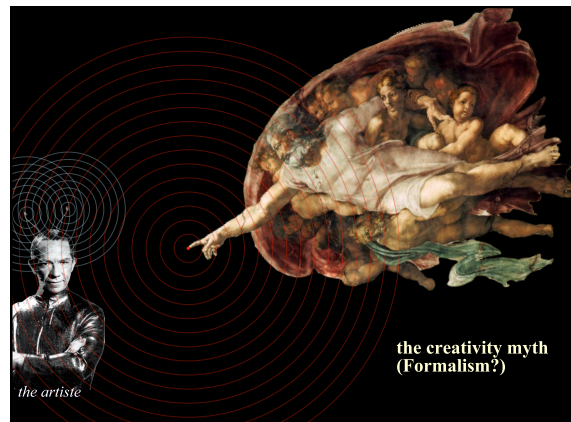
calidri

“Music means nothing
outside itself.”

Igor Stravinsky
The Poetics of Music

Art for art's sake

Formalism



the artiste

the creativity myth
(Formalism?)

#5 If a project consists in a mere mapping...*don't forget that every digital coding is arbitrary...* Mapping is thus mere “found object”. Wonder if the artist brings a shape, a meaning, a style or an approach to this arbitrary mapping, and which.

from *The Vademecum of Digital Art*
www.gratin.org

“Music means nothing
in itself.”

John Cage
Silence

“Marxism’s mortal sin consists of believing
that the day will come when society will
be rid of all its contradictions.”

Iannis Xenakis
Music and Architecture (preface)

“... knowledge is a secretion of the history
of humanity...formed by the innumerable
movements of its cultures”

Iannis Xenakis
Concerning Time, Space and Music

“...we face a frightening fundamental
doubt as to the ‘true objectivity’ of our
knowledge...”

Iannis Xenakis
“Concerning Time, Space and Music” (1991)

- Xenakis is a model of courage and optimism.
- He had faith in humanity’s potential (not the same as destiny).
- We are evolving to the ability to recreate our universe.
- Music provides a model, a place to practice and prepare for the realization of that potential.

**“Music is but a path among others for man,
for his species, first to *imagine* and then,
after many, many generations, to entail
this existing universe into another one,
one fully created by man.”**

Iannis Xenakis
“Concerning Time, Space and Music” (1991)

Xenakis and I, while maybe not on the same
path, we are in the same forest, and our trails
cross often...

as I imagine,
as I create.

I aspire to share his optimism.

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